

SYLLABLE TYPES

EXACT TEKS WORDING (FROM TEA)

“demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by spelling multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables”

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN TO ME?

When I add -ed, the base word keeps its closed syllable pattern.

The -ed ending can say /d/ as in called, /t/ as in jumped, or /ed/ as in needed.

When I can find the base word and the ending, I can read and spell the whole word.

THIS WEEK'S FOCUS

Adding -ed

from “The Pilgrims Chose Plymouth”

Adding -ed to a base word keeps the closed syllable. The base word's vowel still says its short sound, and -ed adds the past tense. This week we study -ed words from the Pilgrims reading.

This deck teaches **the -ed spelling pattern** across the five RPLD thinking levels:

NOTICE → CHOOSE → SHOW → OWN → DEFEND.

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Grade 3 • Cluster 1 • Syllable Types

TEKS 3.2(B) • Syllable Types • Week 5 of 36 • Cluster 1 • Module 1 • slide 1 of 10

TEACHER SAYS & DOES • SLIDE 1 OF 10 •

Introduce the Week

 ~5 min

“ ” = say word-for-word • ▶ = teacher direction (do not read aloud)

“This week we are studying syllable types. Our focus is word with -ed syllables. When you add -ed to a base word, the base keeps its closed syllable. The -ed ending can say /d/, /t/, or /ed/.”

▶ Show the cover. Read the exact TEKS wording aloud, then read the What does this mean to me box in your own warm voice.

“Adding -ed to a base word keeps the closed syllable. The base word's vowel still says its short sound, and -ed adds the past tense. This week we study -ed words from the Pilgrims reading.”

▶ Point to the five thinking levels. Preview the week: we NOTICE, CHOOSE, SHOW, OWN, and DEFEND the pattern.

PREP & MATERIALS: the Closed Syllables slide deck for Cluster 1 Module 1 . a class or student copy of “The Pilgrims Chose Plymouth” . the student tracking sheet . pencils

CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

Ask a student to name one word with -ed from the reading and tell how they know.

RAISE THE THINKING

Ask a student how reading the word would change if the word with -ed pattern were different.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

NOTICE

"I can notice a word with -ed."

EXACT TEKS WORDING

"demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by spelling multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables"

Notice the word with -ed.

Read this sentence from the passage. Find the bold word and the base word and the -ed ending.

"The Pilgrims **sailed** across the ocean."

I CAN | I can notice a word with -ed and name the base word and the -ed ending.

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Grade 3 · Cluster 1 · Syllable Types · Monday

TEKS 3.2(B) · Syllable Types · Week 5 of 36 · Cluster 1 · Module 1 · slide 2 of 10

TEACHER SAYS & DOES · SLIDE 2 OF 10 ·

Monday · NOTICE · Foundational

~4 min

" " = say word-for-word · ▶ = teacher direction (do not read aloud)

"Today's thinking job is NOTICE. I can notice a word with -ed syllable."

▶ Read the I can statement aloud, then the task on the slide.

"Listen as I read the sentence. I am looking for the word with -ed syllable in sailed."

▶ Read the sentence aloud twice. Give think time, then have students copy the word on the NOTICE row of the tracking sheet.

ANSWER KEY: sailed. The base word sail has the vowel team ai, and -ed adds the past tense. The -ed says /d/.

CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

Ask a student to explain the word with -ed syllable in their own words.

COMMON MISCONCEPTION

Students may not identify the base word and the -ed ending. Guide them to the pattern.

POSSIBLE STUDENT QUESTION

How do I know it is a word with -ed syllable? Look for the base word and the -ed ending.

RPLD EVIDENCE & ADVICE

NOTICE at Foundational is about finding the word with -ed syllable. Keep the demand at this level.

RAISE THE THINKING

Ask a student what the word would sound like without the word with -ed pattern.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

CHOOSE

"I can choose a word with -ed."

EXACT TEKS WORDING

"demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by spelling multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables"

Choose the word with -ed.

Read the sentence. Which word is a word with -ed? Use the rule.

"They **called** the new land **Plymouth** and **needed** to build homes."

A called • **B** land • **C** new

I CAN | I can choose the word with -ed and explain how I know.

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Grade 3 · Cluster 1 · Syllable Types · Tuesday

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TEACHER SAYS & DOES · SLIDE 3 OF 10 ·

Tuesday · CHOOSE · Developing

 ~4 min

" " = say word-for-word · ▶ = teacher direction (do not read aloud)

"Today's thinking job is **CHOOSE**. I can choose a word with a word with -ed syllable."

▶ Read the I can statement aloud, then the task on the slide.

"Read the sentence and all three choices. Only one word has the word with -ed pattern."

▶ Have students choose privately, then share with a partner before you reveal the answer on slide 8.

ANSWER KEY: A. called. Called is the base word call with -ed. The -ed says /d/. Land is a closed syllable without -ed, and new is not a base-plus-ed word.

CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

Ask a student to name the base word and the -ed ending in the answer.

COMMON MISCONCEPTION

Students may choose by ear. Use the rule to check the base word and the -ed ending.

POSSIBLE STUDENT QUESTION

Two words seem close. How do I pick? Check for the base word and the -ed ending.

RPLD EVIDENCE & ADVICE

CHOOSE at Developing is about selecting the word the rule fits. Keep the demand at this level.

RAISE THE THINKING

Ask a student to find another word with -ed syllable in the sentence.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

SHOW

"I can show how a word with -ed works."

EXACT TEKS WORDING

"demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by spelling multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables"

Show the word with -ed.

Read the sentence. In the bold word, name the base word and the -ed ending.

"The Pilgrims **needed** food and shelter."

I CAN | I can show the base word and the -ed ending.

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Grade 3 · Cluster 1 · Syllable Types · Wednesday

TEKS 3.2(B) · Syllable Types · Week 5 of 36 · Cluster 1 · Module 1 · slide 4 of 10

TEACHER SAYS & DOES · SLIDE 4 OF 10 ·

Wednesday · SHOW · Independent

 ~4 min

" " = say word-for-word · ▶ = teacher direction (do not read aloud)

"Today's thinking job is **SHOW**. I can show how a word with -ed syllable works."

▶ Read the I can statement aloud, then the task on the slide.

"The bold word is **needed**. Name the base word and the -ed ending."

▶ Take two or three answers. Push students to name all the parts.

ANSWER KEY: needed. The base word need has the vowel team ee. Adding -ed gives need-ed, which says /ed/ because the base ends in d.

CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

Ask a student to point to the base word and the -ed ending in the word.

COMMON MISCONCEPTION

Students may name only part of the pattern. Require all parts.

POSSIBLE STUDENT QUESTION

Can a word have more than one word with -ed syllable? Yes, a longer word can.

RPLD EVIDENCE & ADVICE

SHOW at Independent is about explaining how the rule works. Keep the demand at this level.

RAISE THE THINKING

Ask a student what would change if the pattern were different.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

OWN

"I can split a word with -ed to read it."

EXACT TEKS WORDING

"demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by spelling multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables"

Own it. Read the longer word.

Split the word into its parts. Name the base word and the -ed ending.

landed
land / ed

I CAN | I can split a word with -ed to read it.

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Grade 3 · Cluster 1 · Syllable Types · Thursday

TEKS 3.2(B) · Syllable Types · Week 5 of 36 · Cluster 1 · Module 1 · slide 5 of 10

TEACHER SAYS & DOES · SLIDE 5 OF 10 ·

Thursday · OWN · Advanced

 ~4 min

" " = say word-for-word · ▶ = teacher direction (do not read aloud)

"Today's thinking job is OWN. I can split a word with -ed to read it."

▶ Read the I can statement aloud, then the task on the slide.

"Landed is a longer word. Split it and read each syllable."

▶ Model the cover-and-read once, then have students split the word on the OWN row of the tracking sheet.

ANSWER KEY: land / ed. Land is a closed syllable with the short a. Adding -ed makes two syllables. The -ed says /ed/ because the base ends in d.

CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

Ask a student to name each syllable in landed and its type.

COMMON MISCONCEPTION

Students may read the first syllable with the wrong vowel sound. Guide them to the pattern.

POSSIBLE STUDENT QUESTION

How do I know where to split the word? Look for the syllable boundary.

RPLD EVIDENCE & ADVICE

OWN at Advanced is about using the rule inside a longer word. Keep the demand at this level.

RAISE THE THINKING

Ask a student to apply the rule to another longer word.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

DEFEND

"I can prove that a word ends in -ed."

EXACT TEKS WORDING

"demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by spelling multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables"

Defend the rule.

Prove the bold word follows the rule. Name the base word and the -ed ending.

"They **used** the trees to build their homes."

I CAN | I can prove that a word ends in -ed.

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Grade 3 · Cluster 1 · Syllable Types · Friday

TEKS 3.2(B) · Syllable Types · Week 5 of 36 · Cluster 1 · Module 1 · slide 6 of 10

TEACHER SAYS & DOES · SLIDE 6 OF 10 ·

Friday · DEFEND · Reflective

 ~4 min

" " = say word-for-word · ▶ = teacher direction (do not read aloud)

"Today's thinking job is **DEFEND**. I can prove that a word ends in **-ed**."

▶ Read the I can statement aloud, then the task on the slide.

"For **used**, name the base word and the -ed ending and prove it."

▶ Have students write a because statement on the **DEFEND** row, then share two strong answers.

ANSWER KEY: used. The base word use is a VCe syllable. Adding -ed drops the e and the -ed says /d/. The base keeps its long u sound.

CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

Ask a student to explain how they proved used follows the rule.

COMMON MISCONCEPTION

Students may name the whole word instead of the base word and the -ed ending. Require all parts.

POSSIBLE STUDENT QUESTION

Is every word with this pattern word with -ed? Yes, if it has the base word and the -ed ending.

RPLD EVIDENCE & ADVICE

DEFEND at Reflective is about proving the rule. Keep the demand at this level.

RAISE THE THINKING

Ask a student to defend why another word in the sentence is NOT a word with -ed syllable.

Find a word with -ed on your own.

Go back to the passage. Find one word with -ed. Copy the sentence and name the base word and the -ed ending.

**Go back to the reading.
Find one word with -ed.
Copy the exact sentence. Then name the base word and the -ed ending.**

I CAN | I can find a word with -ed and prove it.

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TEACHER SAYS & DOES · SLIDE 7 OF 10 ·

Independent Practice · YOUR TURN

 ~5 min

“ ” = say word-for-word · ▶ = teacher direction (do not read aloud)

“Now it is your turn to find a word with -ed syllable on your own.”

▶ Read the Your Turn task. Students work independently on the tracking sheet.

“Copy the exact sentence. Then name the base word and the -ed ending.”

▶ Circulate and note who can name all the parts without help.

ANSWER KEY: jumped. The base word jump is a closed syllable. Adding -ed keeps the closed syllable, and the -ed says /t/.

CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

Scan for students who name the base word and the -ed ending together.

COMMON MISCONCEPTION

Students may write a word without naming all the parts. Require the base word and the -ed ending.

POSSIBLE STUDENT QUESTION

What if my word has more than one syllable? Pick the syllable that is word with -ed and prove it.

RPLD EVIDENCE & ADVICE

Independent practice shows who owns the rule. Look for the base word and the -ed ending.

RAISE THE THINKING

Ask an early finisher to check their word by reading it aloud.

Answers, across the five thinking levels.

NOTICE sailed. The base word sail has the vowel team ai, and -ed adds the past tense. The -ed says /d/.

CHOOSE A. called. Called is the base word call with -ed. The -ed says /d/. Land is a closed syllable without -ed, and new is not a base-plus-ed word.

SHOW needed. The base word need has the vowel team ee. Adding -ed gives need-ed, which says /ed/ because the base ends in d.

OWN land / ed. Land is a closed syllable with the short a. Adding -ed makes two syllables. The -ed says /ed/ because the base ends in d.

DEFEND used. The base word use is a VCe syllable. Adding -ed drops the e and the -ed says /d/. The base keeps its long u sound.

YOUR TURN jumped. The base word jump is a closed syllable. Adding -ed keeps the closed syllable, and the -ed says /t/.

TEACHER SAYS & DOES · SLIDE 8 OF 10 ·

Review the Answers

 ~4 min

" " = say word-for-word · ▶ = teacher direction (do not read aloud)

"Let's check our work across the five thinking levels."

▶ Reveal the answer slide one row at a time. Have students check their own tracking sheets.

"If you missed one, that is where your learning is. Go back to the word and find the pattern."

▶ Celebrate students who explained the rule, not only students who named the word.

CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

Students can explain the rule, not just name the word.

COMMON MISCONCEPTION

Naming the word without the base word and the -ed ending. Ask how and why for at least two answers.

POSSIBLE STUDENT QUESTION

Why not just memorize the list? Because readers meet new words in books and tests, and the rule reads them.

RPLD EVIDENCE & ADVICE

Reviewing is where OWN turns into DEFEND. Push for the base word and the -ed ending.

RAISE THE THINKING

Ask a student to explain what would change if the syllable type were different.

READ THIS PASSAGE EXCERPT.

“The Pilgrims sailed across the ocean. ... They called the new land Plymouth. ... They needed food and used the land.”

Which word shows a base word with the -ed ending?

A ocean

B Plymouth

C needed

D build

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TEACHER SAYS & DOES · SLIDE 9 OF 10 ·

Show What You Know

 ~4 min

“ ” = say word-for-word · ▶ = teacher direction (do not read aloud)

“Here is a test-style question, the kind you see on the state assessment.”

▶ Read the excerpt and the question aloud.

“Read all four choices before you decide. The best answer is the one the rule fits.”

▶ Give think time. Students choose privately and bubble their letter on the tracking sheet.

ANSWER KEY: The answer is C.

CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

Students choose by the rule, not by which word looks familiar.

COMMON MISCONCEPTION

Choosing by guess or by a word they like. Check the pattern in each choice.

POSSIBLE STUDENT QUESTION

Two answers seem close. How do I pick? Check for the base word and the -ed ending.

RPLD EVIDENCE & ADVICE

A clean test item is DEFEND in action under assessment conditions.

RAISE THE THINKING

Ask why each wrong choice is wrong, which leads into the next slide.

The answer is C.

A ocean

Ocean is not a base-plus-ed word. It is a two-syllable word on its own.

B Plymouth

Plymouth is a proper noun, not a base word with -ed.

C needed Correct.

Needed is the base word need plus -ed. The -ed says /ed/ because the base ends in d.

D build

Build is a base word, but it does not have the -ed ending here.

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TEACHER SAYS & DOES · SLIDE 10 OF 10 ·

The Answer, and Why

 ~4 min

" " = say word-for-word · ▶ = teacher direction (do not read aloud)

"The correct answer is C. The most important part is understanding why."

▶ Reveal each choice's reason. Spend the most time on the wrong answers.

"Each wrong choice is a real word from the reading, but it does not fit the pattern."

▶ Have students write one sentence on the tracking sheet explaining why the correct answer is right.

CHECK FOR UNDERSTANDING

Students can explain why the correct word fits the rule.

COMMON MISCONCEPTION

Knowing the answer but not why. Insist on the reason.

POSSIBLE STUDENT QUESTION

Why is the second choice wrong? Because it has a different syllable type.

RPLD EVIDENCE & ADVICE

Explaining the distractors is the highest DEFEND move of the week.

RAISE THE THINKING

Ask a student to write a new sentence using a word with -ed syllable word and prove the rule.