

SYLLABLE TYPES

EXACT TEKS WORDING (FROM TEA)

“demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by spelling multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables”

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN TO ME?

A compound word is two words joined into one.

Each smaller word inside the compound keeps its own syllable type.

When I can split the compound into its two words, I can read each part.

THIS WEEK'S FOCUS

Compound Words

from “**Henry Ford: Visionary of Travel**”

A compound word is two smaller words put together, as in everyday, into, and something. Each part keeps its own syllable type. This week we study compound words from Henry Ford.

This deck teaches **compound words** across the five RPLD thinking levels:

NOTICE → CHOOSE → SHOW → OWN → DEFEND.



SYLLABLE TYPES

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

NOTICE

"I can notice a compound word."

EXACT TEKS WORDING

"demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by spelling multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables"

Notice the compound word.

Read this sentence from the passage. Find the bold word and the two smaller words inside it.

"Henry Ford believed that cars should be available for **everyday** families."

I CAN | I can notice a compound word and name the two smaller words inside it.



SYLLABLE TYPES

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

CHOOSE

"I can choose a compound word."

EXACT TEKS WORDING

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Choose the compound word.

Read the sentence. Which word is a compound word? Use the rule.

"His inventions and new ways of building products helped change transportation and **industry in the United States."**

A industry • **B** everyday • **C** products

I CAN | I can choose the compound word and explain how I know.



SYLLABLE TYPES

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

SHOW

“I can show how a compound word works.”

EXACT TEKS WORDING

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Show the compound word.

Read the sentence. In the bold word, name the two smaller words inside it.

“Many families who had never owned a car before were finally able to buy one and drive **into town.”**

I CAN | I can show the two smaller words inside it.



SYLLABLE TYPES

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

OWN

“I can split a compound word to read each part.”

EXACT TEKS WORDING

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Own it. Read the longer word.

Split the word into its parts. Name the two smaller words inside it.

something
some / thing

I CAN | I can split a compound word to read each part.



SYLLABLE TYPES

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

DEFEND

"I can prove that a word is a compound."

EXACT TEKS WORDING

"demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by spelling multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables"

Defend the rule.

Prove the bold word follows the rule. Name the two smaller words inside it.

"Throughout his life, he created many inventions and ideas."

I CAN | I can prove that a word is a compound.



SYLLABLE TYPES

Find a compound word on your own.

Go back to the passage. Find one compound word. Copy the sentence and name the two smaller words inside it.

Go back to the reading.

Find one compound word.

**Copy the exact sentence. Then name the two smaller words
inside it.**

I CAN | I can find a compound word and prove it.



SYLLABLE TYPES

Answers, across the five thinking levels.

NOTICE everyday. Every + day. Every has three syllables, and day is a vowel team syllable. The compound keeps both parts.

CHOOSE B. everyday. Everyday is every + day, a compound word. Industry and products are not compounds.

SHOW into. In + to. In is a closed syllable with the short i. To is an open syllable. The compound keeps both parts.

OWN some / thing. Some is a VCe-style syllable. Thing is a closed syllable. The compound keeps both parts and their syllable types.

DEFEND throughout. Through + out. Through has the vowel team ough. Out has the diphthong ou. The compound keeps both parts.

YOUR TURN Answers vary. One example: outside. Out + side. Out has the diphthong ou. Side is VCe.



SYLLABLE TYPES

READ THIS PASSAGE EXCERPT.

“Henry Ford believed that cars should be available for everyday families. ... Throughout his life, he created many inventions.”

Which word is a compound word?

A families

B building

C expensive

D everyday



SYLLABLE TYPES

The answer is D.

A families

Families is one word with the plural -ies ending. It is not two words put together.

B building

Building is build plus -ing, a suffix, not a compound.

C expensive

Expensive is one word with a prefix and suffix. It is not a compound.

D everyday Correct.

Everyday is every + day. Each part keeps its own syllable type.

