

EXACT TEKS WORDING (FROM TEA)

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as im- (into), non-, dis-, in- (not, non), pre-, -ness, -y, and -ful”

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN TO ME?

Big words are built from smaller parts. Each part carries meaning.

When I find a prefix, suffix, or root, I can use it to figure out a word I do not know.

I check my meaning in the sentence to be sure it makes sense.

THIS WEEK’S FOCUS

SUFFIX -ABLE

The suffix **-able** means “able to be; can be”. A suffix is a word part added to the end of a base word. It changes what the word means or how the word is used.

from “A Place to Grow”

This week we move across five thinking levels: **NOTICE** → **CHOOSE** → **SHOW** → **OWN** → **DEFEND**.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

NOTICE

I can notice word parts.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as im- (into), non-, dis-, in- (not, non), pre-, -ness, -y, and -ful”

Notice the suffix.

Read this sentence from the passage. Find the word with the suffix -able.

“A desert may have valuable resources but little water.”

I CAN I can find a word with the suffix -able in our reading.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

CHOOSE

I can choose the meaning of a word part.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as im- (into), non-, dis-, in- (not, non), pre-, -ness, -y, and -ful”

Choose what -able means.

The word valuable has the suffix -able. What does -able mean?

valuable = value + able

A. without B. able to be; can be C. a person who

I CAN I can choose the meaning of the suffix -able.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

SHOW

I can break a word into parts.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as im- (into), non-, dis-, in- (not, non), pre-, -ness, -y, and -ful”

Show how the parts build the word.

Break the word affordable into parts. What does it mean in this sentence?

“Henry Ford did not invent the automobile, but his work helped make automobiles more affordable for many families.”

affordable = _____ + _____

I CAN I can break a word into parts and build its meaning.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

OWN

I can build and use new words.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as im- (into), non-, dis-, in- (not, non), pre-, -ness, -y, and -ful”

Own it. Build and use your own word.

Build a word with the suffix -able. Use your new word in a sentence.

wash + able = ? • enjoy + able = ? • fold + able = ?

Build one word. Use it in a sentence.

I CAN I can build new words with the suffix -able and use them correctly.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

DEFEND

I can defend a word's meaning.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as im- (into), non-, dis-, in- (not, non), pre-, -ness, -y, and -ful”

Defend the meaning.

How do the suffix and the sentence prove what valuable means?

“And when something valuable was scarce in one place, trade could help people obtain it from somewhere else.”

Use the word part **AND** the sentence to explain.

I CAN I can use a word part and the sentence to prove what a word means.

Your turn. Find more word parts.

Go back to the passage. Find another word with the suffix -able or another word part you know. Break it apart and explain it.

Go back to the reading.

Find one more word with a word part.

Write the word, break it into parts, and tell what it means.

I CAN I can break a new word into parts and explain its meaning.

Answers across the five thinking levels.

NOTICE Valuable. It has the suffix -able: value + able.

CHOOSE B. able to be; can be. Valuable means having great value; worth a lot.

SHOW Afford + able. In this sentence, affordable means can be afforded; not too expensive.

OWN washable, enjoyable, foldable. Answers vary. Example: The field trip was fun and enjoyable.

DEFEND The suffix -able means able to be, and valuable things are worth a lot. People traded to get valuable things they did not have.

YOUR TURN Answers vary. One example: builders (build + er), which means people who build.

READ THIS SENTENCE FROM THE PASSAGE.

Henry Ford did not invent the automobile, but his work helped make automobiles more affordable for many families.

Based on the suffix -able and the sentence, affordable cars are what?

- A** cars that families cannot buy
- B** cars that were invented by Henry Ford
- C** cars that families are able to buy
- D** cars that are built once again

The answer is C.

- A** **cars that families cannot buy**
This is the opposite of affordable.
- B** **cars that were invented by Henry Ford**
The sentence says Ford did not invent the car.
- C** **cars that families are able to buy**
Correct. Afford + able means can be afforded, or paid for.
- D** **cars that are built once again**
Again is the meaning of re-, not -able.