

EXACT TEKS WORDING (FROM TEA)

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN TO ME?

Big words are built from smaller parts. Each part carries meaning.

When I find a prefix, suffix, or root, I can use it to figure out a word I do not know.

I check my meaning in the sentence to be sure it makes sense.

THIS WEEK’S FOCUS**PREFIX DIS-**

The prefix **dis-** means “not; the opposite of”. A prefix is a word part added to the beginning of a base word. It changes what the word means.

from “A Promise Written Long Ago”

This week we move across five thinking levels: **NOTICE** → **CHOOSE** → **SHOW** → **OWN** → **DEFEND**.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

NOTICE

I can notice word parts.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

Notice the prefix.

Read this sentence from the passage. Find the word with the prefix dis-.

“Among the most dissatisfied people were the barons.”

I CAN I can find a word with the prefix dis- in our reading.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

CHOOSE

I can choose the meaning of a word part.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

Choose what dis- means.

The word dissatisfied has the prefix dis-. What does dis- mean?

dissatisfied = dis + satisfied

A. not; the opposite of B. again C. before

I CAN I can choose the meaning of the prefix dis-.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

SHOW

I can break a word into parts.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

Show how the parts build the word.

Break the word disagreements into parts. What does it mean in this sentence?

“As disagreements increased, tensions between King John and the barons became more serious.”

disagreements = _____ + _____

I CAN I can break a word into parts and build its meaning.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

OWN

I can build and use new words.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

Own it. Build and use your own word.

Build a word with the prefix dis-. Use your new word in a sentence.

dis + like = ? • dis + obey = ? • dis + appear = ?

Build one word. Use it in a sentence.

I CAN I can build new words with the prefix dis- and use them correctly.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

DEFEND

I can defend a word's meaning.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

Defend the meaning.

How do the prefix and the sentence prove what dissatisfied means?

“Among the most dissatisfied people were the barons.”

Use the word part **AND** the sentence to explain.

I CAN I can use a word part and the sentence to prove what a word means.

Your turn. Find more word parts.

Go back to the passage. Find another word with the prefix dis- or another word part you know. Break it apart and explain it.

Go back to the reading.

Find one more word with a word part.

Write the word, break it into parts, and tell what it means.

I CAN I can break a new word into parts and explain its meaning.

Answers across the five thinking levels.

NOTICE

Dissatisfied. It has the prefix dis-: dis + satisfied.

CHOOSE

A. not; the opposite of. Dissatisfied means not satisfied; unhappy with something.

SHOW

Dis + agreements. In this sentence, disagreements means times when people do not agree.

OWN

dislike, disobey, disappear. Answers vary. Example: My dog will sometimes disobey when he sees a squirrel.

DEFEND

Dis- means not, so dissatisfied means not satisfied. The barons were the people most upset with the king, which shows they were not pleased.

YOUR TURN

Answers vary. One example: dissatisfied (dis + satisfied), which means not satisfied.

READ THIS SENTENCE FROM THE PASSAGE.

As disagreements increased, tensions between King John and the barons became more serious.

The prefix dis- helps the reader understand that disagreements are what?

- A** times when people agree once again
- B** times when people do not agree
- C** times when people agree too early
- D** people who agree with the king

The answer is B.

- A** **times when people agree once again**
Once again is the meaning of re-, not dis-.
- B** **times when people do not agree**
Correct. Dis- means not. Tensions grew because the king and barons did not agree.
- C** **times when people agree too early**
Too early is like pre-, before. Dis- means not.
- D** **people who agree with the king**
Dis- does not name people. It means not.