

EXACT TEKS WORDING (FROM TEA)

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN TO ME?

Big words are built from smaller parts. Each part carries meaning.

When I find a prefix, suffix, or root, I can use it to figure out a word I do not know.

I check my meaning in the sentence to be sure it makes sense.

THIS WEEK’S FOCUS**PREFIX UN-**

The prefix **un-** means “not”. A prefix is a word part added to the beginning of a base word. It changes what the word means.

from “What We Carry Forward”

This week we move across five thinking levels: **NOTICE** → **CHOOSE** → **SHOW** → **OWN** → **DEFEND**.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

NOTICE

I can notice word parts.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

Notice the prefix.

Read this sentence from the passage. Find the word with the prefix un-.

“It did not end all unfair fights.”

I CAN I can find a word with the prefix un- in our reading.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

CHOOSE

I can choose the meaning of a word part.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

Choose what un- means.

The word unfair has the prefix un-. What does un- mean?

unfair = un + fair

A. again B. not C. under

I CAN I can choose the meaning of the prefix un-.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

SHOW

I can break a word into parts.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

Show how the parts build the word.

Break the word unseen into parts. What does it mean in this sentence?

“A culture stays forever unseen.”

unseen = _____ + _____

I CAN I can break a word into parts and build its meaning.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

OWN

I can build and use new words.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

Own it. Build and use your own word.

Build a word with the prefix un-. Use your new word in a sentence.

un + like = ? • un + real = ? • un + wise = ?

Build one word. Use it in a sentence.

I CAN I can build new words with the prefix un- and use them correctly.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

DEFEND

I can defend a word's meaning.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“determine the meaning of and use words with affixes such as mis-, sub-, -ment, and -ity/ty and roots such as auto, graph, and meter”

Defend the meaning.

How do the prefix and the sentence prove what unfair means?

“While unfair barriers marked his age.”

Use the word part AND the sentence to explain.

I CAN I can use a word part and the sentence to prove what a word means.

Your turn. Find more word parts.

Go back to the passage. Find another word with the prefix un- or another word part you know. Break it apart and explain it.

Go back to the reading.

Find one more word with a word part.

Write the word, break it into parts, and tell what it means.

I CAN I can break a new word into parts and explain its meaning.

Answers across the five thinking levels.

NOTICE

Unfair. It has the prefix un-: un + fair.

CHOOSE

B. not. Unfair means not fair; not equal.

SHOW

Un + seen. In this sentence, unseen means not seen; hidden.

OWN

unlike, unreal, unwise. Answers vary. Example: It is unwise to swim without a lifeguard.

DEFEND

Un- means not, so unfair means not fair. The poem says barriers marked his age, which were rules that treated people unequally.

YOUR TURN

Answers vary. One example: unseen (un + seen), which means not seen.

READ THIS SENTENCE FROM THE PASSAGE.

A culture stays forever unseen.

The prefix un- helps the reader understand that the culture stays what?

- A** seen again and again by others
- B** seen before anyone else knows it
- C** not seen or known by others
- D** seen by others very clearly

The answer is **C**.

- A** **seen again and again by others**
Again is the meaning of re-, not un-.
- B** **seen before anyone else knows it**
Before is the meaning of pre-, not un-.
- C** **not seen or known by others**
Correct. Un- means not. If no one shares a culture, others do not see it.
- D** **seen by others very clearly**
Un- does not make a word stronger. It means not.