

EXACT TEKS WORDING (FROM TEA)

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as trans-, super-, -ive, and -logy and roots such as geo and photo”

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN TO ME?

Big words are built from smaller parts. Each part carries meaning.

When I find a prefix, suffix, or root, I can use it to figure out a word I do not know.

I check my meaning in the sentence to be sure it makes sense.

THIS WEEK’S FOCUS**PREFIX UN-**

The prefix **un-** means “not”. A prefix is a word part added to the beginning of a base word. It changes what the word means.

from “A Visit to the Workshop”

This week we move across five thinking levels: **NOTICE** → **CHOOSE** → **SHOW** → **OWN** → **DEFEND**.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

NOTICE

I can notice word parts.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as trans-, super-, -ive, and -logy and roots such as geo and photo”

Notice the prefix.

Read this sentence from the passage. Find the word with the prefix un-.

“People may be unsure about using something new.”

I CAN I can find a word with the prefix un- in our reading.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

CHOOSE

I can choose the meaning of a word part.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as trans-, super-, -ive, and -logy and roots such as geo and photo”

Choose what un- means.

The word unsure has the prefix un-. What does un- mean?

unsure = un + sure

A. again B. before C. not

I CAN I can choose the meaning of the prefix un-.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

SHOW

I can break a word into parts.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as trans-, super-, -ive, and -logy and roots such as geo and photo”

Show how the parts build the word.

Break the word untouched into parts. What does it mean in this sentence?

“A cold meal sat untouched near one table.”

untouched = _____ + _____

I CAN I can break a word into parts and build its meaning.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

OWN

I can build and use new words.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as trans-, super-, -ive, and -logy and roots such as geo and photo”

Own it. Build and use your own word.

Build a word with the prefix un-. Use your new word in a sentence.

un + lucky = ? • un + even = ? • un + tied = ?

Build one word. Use it in a sentence.

I CAN I can build new words with the prefix un- and use them correctly.

TODAY'S THINKING JOB

DEFEND

I can defend a word's meaning.

EXACT TEKS WORDING

“identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as trans-, super-, -ive, and -logy and roots such as geo and photo”

Defend the meaning.

How do the prefix and the sentence prove what unimportant means?

“A test that seems unimportant today may help us solve a problem tomorrow.”

Use the word part AND the sentence to explain.

I CAN I can use a word part and the sentence to prove what a word means.

Your turn. Find more word parts.

Go back to the passage. Find another word with the prefix un- or another word part you know. Break it apart and explain it.

Go back to the reading.

Find one more word with a word part.

Write the word, break it into parts, and tell what it means.

I CAN I can break a new word into parts and explain its meaning.

Answers across the five thinking levels.

NOTICE

Unsure. It has the prefix un-: un + sure.

CHOOSE

C. not. Unsure means not sure.

SHOW

Un + touched. In this sentence, untouched means not touched.

OWN

unlucky, uneven, untied. Answers vary. Example: My shoe came untied during the race.

DEFEND

Un- means not, so unimportant means not important. The sentence says the test may help tomorrow, so it only seems small now.

YOUR TURN

Answers vary. One example: uneven (un + even), which means not even or flat.

READ THIS SENTENCE FROM THE PASSAGE.

A cold meal sat untouched near one table.

The prefix un- helps the reader understand that the meal was what?

A touched again and again

B touched before the test

C not touched by anyone

D cold and set on a table

The answer is **C**.

- A** touched again and again
Again is the meaning of re-, not un-.
- B** touched before the test
Before is the meaning of pre-, not un-.
- C** not touched by anyone
Correct. Un- means not, so untouched means not touched.
- D** cold and set on a table
Cold is a nearby detail, not the meaning.